Along South Carolina's Liberty Trail A Lesson Plan for 8th Grade

ESSENTIAL QUESTION

How did battles in South Carolina affect the outcome of the American Revolution? How have these battles been remembered and is it important to visit their locations?

OVERVIEW

<u>South Carolina's Liberty Trail</u> (an actual trail of historic sites you can visit!) highlights many of the Revolutionary War battles that shaped the Southern Campaign. These battles affected the outcome of the conflict, resulting in independence from Britain for the United States.

The British captured Charleston in 1780 and marched into the state, expecting overwhelming support from South Carolina residents. In response to British proclamations, reports of cruelties and support for American independence, South Carolinians rallied to defend their state. At some battles, soldiers of the American Continental Army battled British soldiers. At other fights, partisans or militia units fought—sometimes neighbor against neighbor as communities divided over the war. Defeats on South Carolina battlefields challenged American morale in the war, but victories provided much needed success and eventually forced British troops into North Carolina, then Virginia and toward the British surrender at Yorktown in 1781. Back in South Carolina, the British were forced to retreat to Charleston, giving up territory, outposts and supplies along the way.

Today, you'll explore some of the battlefields along South Carolina's Liberty Trail by doing some research, virtually viewing the sites and finding a quote about the battle. These are places where South Carolinians fought for American liberty during the Revolutionary War and place to consider what that legacy means to us now.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of this lesson, the students will be able to:

- 1. Knowledge
 - Briefly explain the outcome of the Revolutionary War Southern Campaign.
 - Share about a Revolutionary War battle and battlefield in South Carolina.

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- 2. Comprehension/Application/Analysis
 - Examine secondary and primary sources and consider the outcomes of a historic battle.
- 3. Evaluation
 - Consider how historic preservation can make a difference in understanding state or national history.

ACTIVITIES

- 1. Watch the Southern Campaign Animated Map. (~15 minutes)
- 2. Use the <u>Lesson's PowerPoint</u> to explore more context and history.
- 3. Individually, in groups or as a class, select a battle to study:
 - Waxhaws May 29, 1780
 - Hanging Rock August 6, 1780
 - Camden August 16, 1780
 - King's Mountain October 7, 1780
 - Blackstock's Plantation November 20, 1780
 - Cowpens January 17, 1781
 - Ninety-Six May-June 1781
 - Eutaw Springs September 8, 1781
- 4. Distribute the lesson's worksheet.
- 5. Using the Battles listed on the <u>Lesson Plan Page</u>, students can research and fill out the "Battle Notes" section of the worksheet.
- 6. Using VR headsets, computers or phones have students view the 360 Virtual Tour of the battlefield they are studying and fill out the "Virtually Explore the Battlefield" section on the worksheet. (The Virtual Tours are linked on the Lesson Plan Page.)
- 7. Distribute printed versions or links to the primary sources related to their battle study. (Links are on the <u>Lesson Plan Page</u> in the Primary Source section.)
 - Waxhaws: "Not a man was spared"
 - Hanging Rock: "The British and Tories are panic stricken"
 - Camden: Charge the rascals!" An Irish Officer describes the Battle of Camden, 1780
 - King's Mountain: "We were attacked": A Royalist Account of the Battle of King's Mountain
 - Blackstock's Plantation: "The advantage of the ground"
 - Cowpens: "To obtain a compleat Victory": Daniel Morgan's Letter after the Battle of Cowpens
 - Ninety-Six: "Camp before Ninety Six"
 - Eutaw Springs: Robert Kirkwood: "With a Determination of Fighting the British Army"

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- 8. Students will read the primary source and fill out the "Quote from a Primary Source" section of the worksheet.
- 9. Either as a discussion or a short-written answer, have the students answer the "Consider" prompt on the worksheet.

STANDARDS

Please visit the Lesson Plan Page and select the "Education Standards" to view the details.

RESOURCES

Visit the Lesson Plan Page to find all resources in one convenient place. You'll find everything mentioned or linked in this Lesson Plan along with additional videos, articles, primary sources, and biographies.

Quick Links

- Southern Campaign Animated Map
- PowerPoint
- Worksheet
- Battle pages, 360 Virtual Tours and Primary Sources are all linked on the Lesson Plan Page
- Map of Major Battles in the Southern Campaign
- South Carolina Liberty Trail App

OPTIONAL HOMEWORK/ASSESSMENT/ADDITIONAL ACTIVITIES:

Option 1: Write a letter

From their research on a Revolutionary War battle in South Carolina, students can write a letter as though they are a historical person who witnessed the event.

- Encourage students to think of different perspectives: an officer, a soldier from Britain or a northern state, a South Carolina militiaman, a local civilian, etc.
- Also encourage students to think about who they will write to and if they intend their letter to be quoted in a newspaper—like some 18th Century letters were to share news.
- Will they write differently about their experiences depending on who they are writing to and why they are writing?
- What do these considerations help us learn about reading and studying primary sources?

Option 2: Design an interpretive marker

At battlefield sites, it is helpful to have signs that explain to visitors what happened and why it matters. Choose a battlefield and design a prototype of an informative sign. What would be helpful to know? How and why would you encourage people to visit this place? If someone only learned one thing about the American Revolution or this battle in South Carolina, what do you want them to know? And don't for the 6 common questions: Who? What? When? Where? Why? How? Include a historic image or two...or draw your own art on for your sign.

AMERICAN BATTLEFIELD TRUST * * *