

New Orleans Virtual Field Trip Quiz

- 1. In what year was New Orleans founded?
 - a. 1762
 - b. 1830
 - c. 1800
 - d. 1718
- What was the largest city of the Confederate States of America?



- 4. Various groups inhabited New Orleans. Put the following three groups in order based on who was in New Orleans first: Spanish, Native Americans, French
- 5. Which French person wanted to take Louisiana back from the Spanish?
- 6. Name one purpose that the Cabildo has served in history.



- 7. In what year did the Louisiana Purchase occur?
 - a. 1812
 - b. 1795
 - c. 1856
 - d. 1803
- 8. How much money did President Thomas Jefferson pay for the Louisiana Purchase?
 - a. 15 million dollars
 - b. 18 thousand dollars
 - c. 20 million dollars
 - d. 10 thousand dollars

- 9. Why did the French initiate the Louisiana Purchase?
- 10. The Louisiana Territory comprised of _____ modern U.S. states.
- 11. What happened after the Haitian Revolution?
- 12. Why was it favorable to gain control over a river?
- 13. What was Jefferson's original plan before signing the Louisiana Purchase?
- 14. Where did the Battle of New Orleans take place?
- 15. Who was Jean Lafitte?

AMERICAN

- 16. After whom was Bourbon Street named?
 - a. Andrew Jackson
 - b. King Louis XV
 - c. Jean Lafitte
 - d. Thomas Jefferson
- 17. Why was Bourbon Street named after this person?
- \star





- 18. Why does architecture in the French quarter have a Spanish influence?
- 19. Who is the unofficial patron of New Orleans?
- 20. Name two desserts mentioned in the film.
- 21. List the three crops that can be grown in New Orleans.
- 22. From which region did rice, sugar cane, and sweet potato originate?

23. Name two ingredients used to cook the gumbo.
24. What technique sets South Louisiana cooking apart?
 25. What did Metairie Cemetery used to be? a. A racecourse b. An indigenous settlement c. A battlefield d. A plantation 26. Name two people buried in Metairie Cemetery.
27. What is Metairie Cemetery shaped like? a. Diamond b. Nothing, it has no shape c. Oval d. Rectangle
28. What was once New Orlean's number one export? 29. What did the steam engine do?
30. When was the Battle of New Orleans?
31. How old is the "witness tree?"
32. What kind of artillery piece is shown in the video?
33. In Battle of New Orleans, there were over British causalities and less than American causalities.
34. How many soldiers were in Jackson's army?
35. What kind of tactics were employed during the Battle of New Orleans?

36. What did the British need ladders to scale?
37. What constitutes a casualty?
38. The victory at the Battle of New Orleans raised national and helped propel Andrew Jackson to the
39. How many people were buried in Chalmette Cemetery?
40. When was the antebellum period? a. During a battle b. After the Civil War c. Right after a battle d. Before the Civil War
41. What was Jefferson Davis's daughter's name?
42. What was the distinguishing feature on a lieutenant's uniform?
 43. Who ordered the first shots of the Civil War? a. P.T.G. Beauregard b. Jefferson Davis c. Ulysses S. Grant d. Jean Lafitte
44. The flag of secession flew on January, 1861, the day that Louisiana from the Union.
45. Over people were bought and sold in the New Orleans slave market.
46. On Sundays in New Orleans, many African Americans in New Orleans went to Square.
47. What genre of music originated in New Orleans?

49. When was D-Day? a. June 6 b. July 5 c. June 7 d. May 8	
 50. What kind of boat did Andrew Higgins create? a. Submarine b. Battleship c. Landing craft d. Speedboat 	
51. What happened to factories during World War II?	
52. What was the big change for women and the workforce? Did this change last beyond the war?53. Where else were Americans fighting before D-Day?	
54. D-Day was "step one" in the road to	\star
55. Name the beach involved in the D-Day invasions.	
56. In the hedgerow country, soldiers measured progress by how many they took in a day.	
 57. How long after D-Day did the war end? a. Six months b. One year c. No time— D-Day ended the war d. Four years 	

- 58. The Germans fought a ____-front war.
- 59. What military tactic was commonly used in Europe?
 - a. Linear tactic
 - b. Nuclear bombing
 - c. Concentrated bombing
 - d. Marshall Plan
- 60. What does the dog tag program allow a visitor to do?
- 61. New Orleans is nicknamed "the Big _____."



AMERICAN BATTLEFIELD TRUST * * *



New Orleans Virtual Field Trip Quiz Answer Key

- 1. d. 1718
- 2. New Orleans
- 3. Native Americans
- 4. 1. Native Americans 2. French 3. Spanish
- 5. Napolean Bonaparte
- 6. Possible answers: Government building, City council, Police station, Prison. Mayor's offices, State supreme court, Museum
- 7. d. 1803
- 8. a. 15 million dollars
- 9. French forces lost battles against the Haitian revolutionaries, so they pulled out and sold land to the U.S.
- 10.15
- 11. Both free and enslaved people came to New Orleans.
- 12. Rivers made it easier to move products
- 13. To purchase only the city of New Orleans
- 14. Chalmette Battlefield
- 15. Pirate and privateer
- 16. b. King Louis XV
- 17. King Louis XV was king when New Orleans was founded
- 18. The French Quarter was rebuilt with a Spanish-Caribbean influence after it was destroyed by fires. Fire ripped through and the buildings were rebuilt with a Spanish-Caribbean influence.
- 19. Joan of Arc
- 20. Beignets, Bananas Foster
- 21. Indigo, Rice, Sugar cane
- 22. Senegambia region of west Africa
- 23. Answers include: Chicken, Andouille sausage, Onion, Celery, Green pepper, Garlic, Green onion, Scallions, Parsley, Flour, Lard
- 24. Layering
- 25. C. racecourse
- 26. P.G.T. Beauregard, Chapman Hines, Ruth Fertel, P.B.S. Pinchback, Jefferson Davis, Andrew Higgins
- 27. c. Oval
- 28. Cotton
- 29. Allowed ships to travel up and down the Mississippi River, as opposed to just downstream

- 30. January 8, 1815
- 31. 300-400 years old
- 32. Cannons
- 33. 2,000, 20
- **34.** 5,500
- 35. Linear tactics
- 36. Rodriguez Canal
- 37. Killed, wounded, missing, or captured
- 38. Morale, White House
- **39.** 15,000
- 40. d. Before the Civil War
- 41. Winnie
- 42. Two bars on the collar
- 43. a. P.T.G. Beauregard
- 44. The flag of secession flew on January 26, 1861, the day that Louisiana seceded from the

Union.

- 45. 135,000
- 46. Congo Square
- 47. Jazz music
- 48. Fifteen
- 49. a. June 6
- 50. c. Landing craft
- 51. They started making war products instead of their regular output.
- 52. More women started working because they filled in for men in factories who went off to fight. This change did not last.
- 53. North Africa and Italy
- 54. Berlin
- 55. Omaha Beach
- 56. fields
- 57. b. One year
- 58. two
- 59. c. Concentrated bombing
- 60. Follow a soldier's journey throughout the museum and see what the soldier did in certain areas of the war
- 61. "the Big Easy"

